|  |
| --- |
| **Examples of habitats** |
| **woodland** |
| **pond** |
| **seashore** |
| **polar** |
| **ocean** |
| **rainforest** |

**Living things and their habitats – Year 2**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Key vocabulary** | | | |
| **living** | Living things are plants and animals. | | |
|  |  | |
| **dead** | Dead things include dead animals, plants and parts of plants and animals that are no longer attached. | | |
|  | |  |
| **never been alive** | Objects made of rock, metal and plastic have never been alive. | | |
|  | |  |
| **habitat** | The place where an animal or plant lives and provides their basic needs – **shelter, food** and **water.** | | |
| **micro-habitat** | A very small habitat e.g. A log that woodlice live under. | | |
| **food chain** | These show how animals get their food from plants and other animals. | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Examples of micro-habitats** | | | | |
| **in leaf litter**    Caterpillars need leaves to eat. | | **under stones**    Woodlice can be found hiding under stones. | | |
| **under logs**    Worms prefer dark, damp places. | | **in shrubs**    Ladybirds live in shrubs and trees. | | |
| **Food chains** | | | |
| grass | grasshopper | | spider |
| The grass **is eaten by** the grasshopper.  The grasshopper **is eaten by** the spider. | | | |
| leaf | snail | | bird |
| The leaf **is eaten by** the snail.  The snail **is eaten by** the bird. | | | |