

Our Ultimate End Goal:

What will our pupils be able to do when they leave us?

By the end of their time at Britannia Community Primary School, our Year 6 pupils will engage confidently in the production of creative work.

The children will:

- · read easily, fluently and with good understanding,
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information,
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language,
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage,
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences,
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas,
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate.

Early Years Foundation Stage Framework and National Curriculum Coverage		
	Spoken Language	Handwriting
	Please refer to Lancashire Key Learning in Spoken	
	Language Document	
EYFS	Please see EYF	-S Long Term Plan
Year 1	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	- listen and respond appropriately to adults and their	- sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and
	peers	correctly

	 ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on 	 begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place form capital letters form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.
Year 2	topic and initiating and responding to comments - use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas - speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English - participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates - gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) - consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending	Pupils should be taught to: - form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another - start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined - write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters - use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.
Year 3 and 4	to and building on the contributions of others - select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.	Pupils should be taught to: - use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined - increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting [for example, by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch].
Year 5 and 6		Pupils should be taught to: - write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: - choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding

	whether or not to join specific letters
	- choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a
	task.

Ea	rly Years Foundation Stage Framework and Nationa	al Curriculum Coverage
	Reading – word reading	Reading - comprehension
EYFS	Please see EYFS	S long term plan
Year 1	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	- apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to	- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read,
	decode words	vocabulary and understanding by:
	- respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes	- listening to and discussing a wide range of poems,
	(letters or groups of letters)	stories and non-fiction at a
	for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable,	level beyond that at which they can read independently
	alternative sounds for graphemes	- being encouraged to link what they read or hear read
	- read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words	to their own experiences
	containing GPCs that have	- becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories
	been taught	and traditional tales,
	- read common exception words, noting unusual	retelling them and considering their particular
	correspondences between spelling	characteristics
	and sound and where these occur in the word	- recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
	- read words containing taught GPCs and –s, –es, –ing, –	- learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite
	ed, –er and –est endings	some by heart
	- read other words of more than one syllable that	- discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to
	contain taught GPCs	those already known
	- read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll,	- understand both the books they can already read
	we'll], and understand that the	accurately and fluently and those
	apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)	they listen to by:
	- read aloud accurately books that are consistent with	- drawing on what they already know or on background
	their developing phonic	information and
	knowledge and that do not require them to use other	vocabulary provided by the teacher
	strategies to work out words	- checking that the text makes sense to them as they
	- re-read these books to build up their fluency and	read and correcting
	confidence in word reading.	inaccurate reading
		- discussing the significance of the title and events

		- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done - predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far - participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say - explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.
Year 2	Pupils should be taught to: - continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent - read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes - read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above - read words containing common suffixes - read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word - read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered - read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation - re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.	Pupils should be taught to: develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary discussing their favourite words and phrases continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these

		and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear - understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: - drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher - checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading - making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done - answering and asking questions - predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far - participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say - explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for
		those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.
Year 3 and 4	Pupils should be taught to: - apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet - read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Pupils should be taught to: - develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: - listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks - reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes - using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read

- apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes	- maintain positive attitudes to reading and
and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in	understanding of what they read by:
English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to	- continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide
understand the meaning of new words that they meet.	range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference
	books or textbooks
	- reading books that are structured in different ways and
	reading for a range of purposes
	- increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books,
	including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern
	fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from
	other cultures and traditions
	recommending books that they have read to their peers,
	giving reasons for their
	choices
	- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in
	and across a wide range
	of writing
	- making comparisons within and across books
	- learning a wider range of poetry by heart
	- preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to
	perform, showing understanding through intonation,
	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an
	audience
	- understand what they read by:
	- checking that the book makes sense to them,
	discussing their understanding
	and exploring the meaning of words in context
	- asking questions to improve their understanding
	- drawing inferences such as inferring characters'
	feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and
	justifying inferences with evidence
	- predicting what might happen from details stated and
	1
	implied

- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one
3
paragraph, identifying key details that support the main
ideas
- identifying how language, structure and presentation
contribute to meaning
- discuss and evaluate how authors use language,
including figurative language, considering the impact on
the reader
- distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
- retrieve, record and present information from non-
fiction
- participate in discussions about books that are read to
them and those they can read for themselves, building
on their own and others' ideas and challenging views
courteously
- explain and discuss their understanding of what they
have read, including through formal presentations and
debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using
notes where necessary
- provide reasoned justifications for their views.

Early Years Foundation Stage Framework and National Curriculum Coverage		
	Writing - transcription	Writing – vocabulary, grammar and punctuation
EYFS	Please see EYI	FS long term plan
Year 1	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	spell:	- develop their understanding of the concepts set out in
	- words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already	English Appendix 2 by:
	taught	- leaving spaces between words
	- common exception words	- joining words and joining clauses using and
	- the days of the week	- beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter
	name the letters of the alphabet:	and a full stop, question
	- naming the letters of the alphabet in order	mark or exclamation mark
	- using letter names to distinguish between alternative	- using a capital letter for names of people, places, the
	spellings of the same	days of the week, and the

	add prefixes and suffixes: - using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs - using the prefix un– - using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest] - apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 - write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.	personal pronoun 'I' - learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2 - use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.
Year 2	Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to: spell by: - segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly - learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones - learning to spell common exception words - learning to spell more words with contracted forms - learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] - distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones	Pupils should be taught to: - develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: - learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) - learn how to use: - sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command - expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly] - the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form

- add suffixes to spell longer words, including —ment, —ness,—ful, —less,—ly apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 - write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far. Year 3 and 4 Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to: - use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1) - spell further homophones - spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1) - place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with irregular plurals (for example, children's) - use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary - write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far Year 5 and 6 Spelling (see English Appendix 1) - Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 2) - spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1) - place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with irregular plurals (for example, children's) - use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary - write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far			T .
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- some features of written Standard English - write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far. Year 3 and 4 Spelling (see English Appendix 1) Pupils should be taught to: - use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1) - spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1) - place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals [for example, girls', boys] and in words with irregular plurals [for example, children's] - use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary - write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far - some features of written Standard English - use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. Pupils should be taught to: - develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: - extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider - argue of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although - using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense - choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 a - develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: - extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider - using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense - choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition - using conjunctions, including when, if, because, - choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately - us			,
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Pupils should be taught to:		·	their writing.
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- use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary - write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far - choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech - use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		with regular plurals [for example, girls', boys'] and in	- using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to
spelling in a dictionary - write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far and cohesion and to avoid repetition - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		words with irregular plurals [for example, children's]	the past tense
- write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far repetition - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		- use the first two or three letters of a word to check its	- choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity
teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far - using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		spelling in a dictionary	and cohesion and to avoid
far express time and cause - using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		- write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the	repetition
using fronted adverbials - learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so	- using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to
- learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.		far	express time and cause
Appendix 2 - indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech ☐ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- using fronted adverbials
- indicate grammatical and other features by: - using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech ☐ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English
- using commas after fronted adverbials - indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			Appendix 2
- indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- indicate grammatical and other features by:
apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- using commas after fronted adverbials
apostrophe with plural nouns - using and punctuating direct speech □ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- indicating possession by using the possessive
☐ use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			apostrophe with plural nouns
English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			- using and punctuating direct speech
and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.			☐ use and understand the grammatical terminology in
reading.			English Appendix 2 accurately
			and appropriately when discussing their writing and
Year 5 and 6 Spelling (see English Appendix 1)			reading.
	Year 5 and 6	Spelling (see English Appendix 1)	

Pupils should be taught to:	
- use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the	
·	
guidance for adding them	
- spell some words with 'silent' letters [for example,	
knight, psalm, solemn]	
- continue to distinguish between homophones and	
other words which are often	
confused	
- use knowledge of morphology and etymology in	
spelling and understand that the	
spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as	
listed in English Appendix 1	
- use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of	
words	
- use the first three or four letters of a word to check	
spelling, meaning or both of these	
in a dictionary	
- use a thesaurus.	

Early Y	Early Years Foundation Stage Framework and National Curriculum Coverage						
Writing - composition							
EYFS	Please see EYFE	Elong term plan					
Year 1	Pupils should be taught to: - write sentences by: - saying out loud what they are going to write about - composing a sentence orally before writing it - sequencing sentences to form short narratives - re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense - discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils - read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.						

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Year 2	Pupils should be taught to:	
	develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for	
	writing by:	
	- writing narratives about personal experiences and	
	those of others (real and fictional)	
	- writing about real events	
	- writing poetry	
	- writing for different purposes	
	consider what they are going to write before beginning	
	by:	
	- planning or saying out loud what they are going to	
	write about	
	- writing down ideas and/or key words, including new	
	vocabulary	
	- encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by	
	sentence	
	- make simple additions, revisions and corrections to	
	their own writing by:	
	- evaluating their writing with the teacher and other	
	pupils	
	- re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and	
	that verbs to indicate	
	time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs	
	in the continuous form	
	- proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar	
	and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences	
	punctuated correctly]	
	- read aloud what they have written with appropriate	
	intonation to make the meaning clear.	
Year 3 and 4	Pupils should be taught to:	
	- plan their writing by:	
	- discussing writing similar to that which they are	
	planning to write in order to understand and learn from	
	its structure, vocabulary and grammar	
	in structure, resultant, and grammar	<u>, </u>

	- discussing and recording ideas	
	- draft and write by:	
	- composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including	
	dialogue), progressively	
	building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing	
	range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2)	
	- organising paragraphs around a theme	
	- in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot	
	- in non-narrative material, using simple organisational	
	devices [for example, headings and sub-headings]	
	- evaluate and edit by:	
	- assessing the effectiveness of their own and others'	
	writing and suggesting	
	improvements	
	- proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to	
	improve consistency,	
	including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences	
	- proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	
	- read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole	
	class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the	
	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	
Year 5 and 6	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	- plan their writing by:	- develop their understanding of the concepts set out in
	- identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing,	English Appendix 2 by:
	selecting the appropriate form and using other similar	- recognising vocabulary and structures that are
	writing as models for their own	appropriate for formal speech
	- noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading	and writing, including subjunctive forms
	and research where necessary	- using passive verbs to affect the presentation of
	- in writing narratives, considering how authors have	information in a sentence
	developed characters and	- using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of
	settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen	time and cause
	performed	- using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated
	- draft and write by:	information concisely
	2. a.c aa	- using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of
		possibility
		1 5000.0

- selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning
- in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action
- précising longer passages
- using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs
- using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining]
- evaluate and edit by:
- assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing
- proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning
- ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing
- ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register
- proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors

- using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun
- learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2
- indicate grammatical and other features by:
- using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing
- using hyphens to avoid ambiguity
- using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
- using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses
- using a colon to introduce a list
- punctuating bullet points consistently
- use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading.

Long Term Plan Overview							
	Autumn One	Autumn Two	Spring One	Spring Two	Summer One	Summer Two	
Year One	Bridging Unit – Harry the	Supertato Unit	Traditional Rhymes	Peter Rabbit Unit	Zog	How to Train a Train Unit	
	Happy Mouse	Story as a Theme	Poems on a Theme	Classic Stories	Non-Chronological	Non-fiction texts:	
		Poems on a Theme	Little Red Riding Hood	Information Texts	report on animals	information, instructions and	

		Instructions	Mary, Mary.	Traditional Rhymes	Stories with repetitive patterns	persuasion. Stories with familiar settings. Traditional songs and rhymes.
Year Two	Bridging Unit – The Way Home for Wolf	Twisted Traditional Tales Traditional Tales with a Twist Instructions	Amazing Birds! Story as a Theme Persuasion – persuasive leafle Non-chronological report Riddles	et	Aladdin Unit Story as a Theme Integrated unit	Buckets and Spades Story as a Theme Poems on a Theme Explanation text
Year Three	Bridging Unit A Bear Called Paddington	The Green Children Unit Folk Tales Instructions Persuasion: letters	The Iron Man Novel as a Theme Diaries	Romans – Non-Fiction Unit Information Texts: booklets	Romans – Narrative Unit Story as a Theme	The Spider and the Fly Unit Classic Poetry, reports, menus, persuasive letters and narrative
Year Four	Bridging unit – Loch Ness	Fairy Tales Rumaysa A Fairy Tale by Radiya Hafiza. Novel alongside Whoosh story – imitation write Read original fairy tales Poetry integrated	Issues and Dilemas Novel and Film (3-4 weeks) Persuasion Persuasive Adverts (2-3 weeks)	Non fiction voiceover info and explanations and persuasion – hybrid (3-4 weeks) Spoken Outcome week 6 The Last Bear by Hannah Gold novel	Mousehole Cat Narrative	Classic Narrative and Newspapers Poetry Newspaper Article
Year Five	Bridging Unit: The Lion, The Witch and the Wardrobe.	Legends Unit (4-5 weeks) Persuasive Unit from A Kingdom United (2-3 weeks)	Earthlings Science Fiction stories Poems with a structure	Food, Glorious food Oliver Twist Stories with historical settings Non-fiction hybrid	Inventors and Inventions Narrative	Jabberwocky Unit Poetry Non-fiction
Year Six	Bridging Unit The Nowhere Emporium	Biography Unit (4-5 weeks) Suggested Unit for 1-2 weeks Songs and Lyrics	Classic Fiction Classic Fiction narrative including formal letters, songs and lyrics and poetry	Older Literature Romeo and Juliet Range of mini units including narrative, non- fiction and poetry	Last Push Pack Albert and the Lion	

Experiences and Opportunities							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Trips/Visits:	Trips/Visits: Theatre Trip	Trips/Visits: Theatre Trip	Trips/Visits: Pantomime	Trips/Visits: Pantomime	Trips/Visits: Musical Show	Trips/Visits: Musical Show	

Theatre Trip or theatre into school experience						
Visitor:	Visitor:	Visitor:	Visitor:	Visitor:	Visitor:	Visitor:
Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet	Andy Tooze – poet
Library service	Library service	Library service	Library service	Library service	Library service	Library service
workshop	workshop	workshop	workshop	workshop	workshop	workshop
Experiences:	Experiences:	Experiences:	Experiences:	Experiences:	Experiences:	Experiences:
World Book Day	World Book Day	World Book Day	World Book Day	World Book Day	World Book Day	World Book Day
Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day	Roald Dahl Day